# Flawed Arguments in Social Media

# 5/30/2023 Version 4

# Jennifer Booker, Ph.D.

Disclaimer	2
Constitutional Issues	2
Free Speech	2
The Second Amendment	2
Freedom of Religion	3
Separation of Powers	4
Ethics and Rules of Conduct	5
Patriot Act	5
"Illegal" Immigration	5
Immigration History	6
Public Health and COVID-19	7
Debt Ceiling	8
Political Terms	8
False Flags	10
American Global Ignorance	10
Nationalism	10
American Exceptionalism	10
Psychology and Medical Issues	11
Projection	11
Homeless with Mental Illness	11
"He's a psychopath"	12
Transgender Issues	12
Wealth Disparity	13
Tax Rates for Wealthy	13
Tax on Social Security Benefits	14
Economic Terms	
Fairness Doctrine	
Conclusion	16

## Disclaimer

I am not an attorney. I have done basic study of political science (which much of Congress cannot claim) and logical argument flaws. I cite authoritative sources to support my claims.

### Constitutional Issues

#### Free Speech

The right to free speech is based on the Constitution's First Amendment, which reads in its entirety:1

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

There are two major flaws in applying the right to free speech. The first is that the Amendment starts with "Congress shall." The right to free speech applies to the government, not to private individuals or businesses. This flaw has been widely used to claim that social media companies (Twitter, Facebook, etc.) can not censor users or individual tweets or posts.

The second flaw is forgetting that free speech has limits.<sup>23</sup> The classic poor example<sup>4</sup> is that you can not use free speech to scream "Fire!" in a crowded theater unless there actually is a fire. Actual limits on free speech include "incitement, defamation, fraud, obscenity, child pornography, fighting words, and threats."<sup>5</sup>

#### The Second Amendment

The Second Amendment to the US Constitution reads in its entirety:6

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

Many people try to interpret this as the right for anyone to carry loaded weapons anywhere, any time. Let's look at the neglected part, the Militia. Amazingly the House of Representatives has defined a Militia in 10 USC 12§246.<sup>7</sup>

§246. Militia: composition and classes

(a) The militia of the United States consists of all able-bodied males at least 17 years of age and, except as provided in section 313 of title 32, under 45 years of age who are, or who have made a declaration of intention to become, citizens of the United States and of female citizens of the United States who are members of the National Guard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://constitutioncenter.org/media/files/constitution.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.uscourts.gov/about-federal-courts/educational-resources/about-educational-outreach/activity-resources/what-does

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.law.cornell.edu/constitution/first amendment

<sup>4</sup> https://www.whalenlawoffice.com/blog/legal-mythbusting-series-yelling-fire-in-a-crowded-theater/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.thefire.org/research-learn/limits-free-speech

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> https://constitutioncenter.org/media/files/constitution.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> https://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?path=/prelim@title10/subtitleA/part1/chapter12&edition=prelim

- (b) The classes of the militia are—
- (1) the organized militia, which consists of the National Guard and the Naval Militia; and
- (2) the unorganized militia, which consists of the members of the militia who are not members of the National Guard or the Naval Militia.

As the Constitution Center cited, "[When the Constitution was drafted], the militia was a state-based institution," says Rakove. "States were responsible for organizing this." "Well-regulated in the 18th century tended to be something like well-organized, well-armed, well-disciplined," says Rakove.<sup>8</sup>

Therefore, if you want to follow the true intent of the Second Amendment, you need to be an active member of the National Guard or in a state-managed trained and disciplined militia. The House definition in 10 USC 12§247 defines a few exempt people, but that's the idea.

Nobody notices it, but Article 1, Section 8 of the Constitution adds this for the responsibilities of Congress:9

[The Congress shall have Power] To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

This states that Congress funds the National Guard and assigns responsibility for the States to fund and oversee militias based on guidance from Congress. Has any state done this?

## Freedom of Religion

We saw the First Amendment started with "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof" as the very first element in the Bill of Rights. In the 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries, many religious sects were persecuted in Europe and fled to the Colonies for safety. The groups persecuted included: Mennonites, Jesuits, Catholics, various Protestants, and Puritans. <sup>10</sup> And by "persecuted" we mean executed.

The head of state for England was also the head of the Church of England starting in 1701 and had to be Protestant (now specifically Anglican). The Founding Fathers saw how dangerous it was to have the head of government force policies that supported a particular religion, and carefully crafted the start of the First Amendment to prevent that.

References to God in currency ("In God We Trust") and in the Pledge of Allegiance ("One Nation, Under God") were added in 1954 during the Red (Communist) Scare. 12 They are not part of the country's founding and would be abhorrent to the Founding Fathers.

<sup>8</sup> https://constitutioncenter.org/images/uploads/news/CNN Aug 11.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> https://constitutioncenter.org/media/files/constitution.pdf

<sup>10</sup> https://www.loc.gov/exhibits/religion/rel01.html

<sup>11</sup> https://www.parliament.uk/about/living-

heritage/evolutionofparliament/parliamentaryauthority/revolution/collections1/parliamentary-collections/act-of-settlement/

<sup>12</sup> https://www.ushistory.org/documents/pledge.htm

Many Christian and pseudo-Christian organizations try to force labeling the country as being a Christian Nation, but that simply isn't true and should not be. Separation of church and state is supported by general rights organizations (e.g. the ACLU<sup>13</sup>) and specific ones like Americans United for the Separation of Church and State<sup>14</sup> and the Freedom From Religion Foundation (FFRF).<sup>15</sup> Consider also that many religious paths are not faith-based, such as pagan, Wiccan, native, and tribal religions, and increasingly many people are atheist or agnostic. Under separation of church and state, the government cannot discriminate against any of these paths.

It is important to remember that allowing government support of religious exemptions, such as allowing a bakery to discriminate against a customer because of their beliefs, or banning abortion because they think it's murder, opens the door for minority religious groups to use those same exemptions to practice their beliefs. The Satanic Temple (TST) has used religious exemptions to maintain that access to abortion care is a religious right, and therefore cannot be blocked.<sup>16</sup>

Similarly, if government financial support of religious educational institutions is allowed, such as in the name of parental choice of schools, then that same support is required for schools run by the FFRF or TST. Either the government supports every religion or none of them.

#### Separation of Powers

The body of the Constitution defines the roles and responsibilities of the federal government. Article 1, Section 1 assigns Legislative power to Congress:

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Article 2, Section 1 gives Executive power to the President:

The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America.

Article 3, Section 1 gives judicial power to the Supreme Court and lower courts.

The judicial Power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish.

These sections implement the basic principle of Separation of Powers. "Separation of powers, therefore, refers to the division of government responsibilities into distinct branches to limit any one branch from exercising the core functions of another. The intent is to prevent the concentration of power and provide for checks and balances." 17

Recent attempts by some members of Congress to interfere in the judicial actions of the New York County District Attorney for Manhattan are in direct violation of this key constitutional principle. This also includes attempts by the Legislature to conduct their own judicial activities against individual citizens (e.g. Hunter Biden).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> https://www.aclu.org/

<sup>14</sup> https://www.au.org/#

<sup>15</sup> https://ffrf.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> https://thesatanictemple.com/pages/rrr-campaigns

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> https://www.ncsl.org/about-state-legislatures/separation-of-powers-an-overview

#### Ethics and Rules of Conduct

The House<sup>18</sup> and Senate<sup>19</sup> have very clearly defined rules of conduct. They include prohibiting receiving gifts from foreign countries, payment for speeches and publications, and many other areas which have been largely ignored or unenforced for many years. Many members of Congress have published books and advertised them on official channels. The 45<sup>th</sup> President openly endorsed a pillow company and many other businesses while in office.

The President and the Executive Branch high level employees are guided by Ethics Commitments.<sup>20</sup> This includes gifts from lobbyists, several forms of revolving door bans, and bans on golden parachutes. Enforcement is by the Attorney General.

Federal judges and lower court judges have defined rules of conduct.<sup>21</sup> As noted often in 2023, the Supreme Court has no defined rules of conduct. I would guess the founding fathers assumed anyone approved for a lifetime position on the Supreme Court would be of sufficient integrity not to need a code of conduct.

#### Patriot Act

Many politicians have complained about the scope of investigations by the FBI, DOJ, and other federal law enforcement agencies. Allegations include investigation of churches and school board meetings to look for extreme right-wing elements.<sup>22</sup>

In the 20<sup>th</sup> century, such agencies needed to get a warrant to be allowed to tap phones and use other forms of surveillance. In the aftermath of 9/11/2001, the Patriot Act<sup>23</sup> was quickly passed (10/26/2001) to give law enforcement greater latitude in conducting surveillance, with an eye toward preventing future terrorist attacks.<sup>24</sup> The Patriot Act is still in effect.<sup>25</sup>

#### "Illegal" Immigration

The US-Mexico border has been the focus of massive criticism of the current administration. The border is 1951 miles long,<sup>26</sup> Many politicians have complained that we should "close the border" without any actual plans for how to do so.

Title 42 was used during the start of the COVID-19 pandemic as an emergency measure to allow sending immigrants back to Mexico or their home country. This resulted in sending some 2.8 million immigrants away from the border.<sup>27</sup> Title 42 expired on 5/11/2023, resulting in a slight increase in immigrants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> https://ethics.house.gov/outside-employment-income/laws-rules-and-standards-conduct

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> https://www.ethics.senate.gov/public/ cache/files/3507e6ae-2525-40ac-9ec8-7c6dbfe35933/2021---red-book---the-senate-code-of-official-conduct.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/executive-order-ethics-commitments-by-executive-branch-personnel/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> https://www.uscourts.gov/judges-judgeships/code-conduct-united-states-judges

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> https://www.newsnationnow.com/politics/did-fbi-investigate-the-catholic-church/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> https://www.justice.gov/archive/II/what is the patriot act.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> https://www.congress.gov/107/plaws/publ56/PLAW-107publ56.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> https://www.justice.gov/archive/ll/archive.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> https://georgewbush-whitehouse.archives.gov/infocus/usmxborder/quickfacts.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> https://www.cnn.com/2023/05/09/politics/title-42-ending-whats-next-explainer-cec/index.html

Some politicians have claimed that the immigrants include a sizeable number of terrorists, drug smugglers, child traffickers, and positive COVID victims.<sup>28</sup> Data from the Border Patrol indicated one person who was identified as an Afghan terror suspect, and 98 people who had "derogatory" data in the Terrorist Screening Data Set. An estimated 1.5 million people crossed the border undetected. Without evidence, it is claimed that the undetected immigrants could be terrorists, drug smugglers, etc. No data was provided on how many such people were caught at the border. Are refugees from South America really being used to carry drugs across the border by hand?

So suppose we want to really close the border. Ignore for the moment the cost of actually building a wall, let's consider maintenance costs. For a wall to be effective, guards are needed to deter and catch would-be immigrants. Based on the East German wall example, a very effective wall for some 45 years, guards would be needed every 200 yards. Two guards on duty 8 hours times 3 shifts per day, would be six people-shifts per day per guard tower. For 1951 miles, that's 1760 yards per mile, or 17,169 guard towers. For 103,014 people FTE we need to budget \$200k per year for salary and overhead, so guards alone would cost about \$20.6 billion per year. That's not counting guard uniforms and equipment, construction or maintenance of the wall itself. You want to Close The Border? Got \$21 billion per year?

This all assumes that we don't want to allow refugees into the country. Consider the plaque that the Statue of Liberty holds. It reads at the end "Give me your tired, your poor, Your huddled masses yearning to breathe free, The wretched refuse of your teeming shore. Send these, the homeless, tempest-tost to me, I lift my lamp beside the golden door!"<sup>29</sup> I don't see where this tells us to send away refugees.

## Immigration History

The current wave of immigration from South America has generated a lot of alarm in some people. However, immigration is nothing new to the "melting pot" of the United States. For the first century of the country's existence, immigration was encouraged to help "settle" the New World. (We won't go into the genocide aspects of this settlement.) Waves of immigration included:

- Until 1820 immigrants were mostly from the British Isles, and no formal records were kept.
- 1840s and 1850s Irish and German Catholics.
- 1880 to WWI 20 million European immigrants when the US had only 75 million people.
- Immigration quotas were introduced in 1920.
- 1965 to present, immigration from Latin America and Asia. Since the 1990s, we have had over 1 million immigrants per year.<sup>30</sup>

The main concern is unauthorized immigrants. As of 2021 there were 20.8 million non-citizens in the US, about 6% of the total population.<sup>31</sup> As of November 2022, about 2/3 of immigrants caught at the Mexico border were

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> https://homeland.house.gov/chairmen-green-comer-jordan-investigate-biden-admins-handling-of-suspected-terrorists-crossing-u-s-mexico-border/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> https://www.nps.gov/stli/learn/historyculture/colossus.htm

<sup>30</sup> https://www.prb.org/resources/trends-in-migration-to-the-u-s/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> https://www.kff.org/racial-equity-and-health-policy/issue-brief/2023-update-on-key-federal-immigration-policies-and-implications-for-health/

apprehended under Title 8, and 1/3 were expulsed per Title 42.<sup>32</sup> The total number of immigrants caught at the border have been on the order of 200-240 thousand per month, about the same level as in March 2020.

The point of this is that while there are a lot of immigrants from people desperate to leave conditions in Latin America, we have dealt with large numbers of immigrants many times before. Panic and extreme measures such as "close the border" are not only not feasible, but unnecessary.

#### Public Health and COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic was a major challenge for each country to respond appropriately and protect their citizens as much as possible. Some countries have a community emphasis, so it is the duty of each person to help their neighbors and visitors. This is formally called a collectivist culture, meaning it "stresses the importance of the group and social cooperation." I saw this at work in Japan when I visited in 2015, well before the pandemic. I was confused at first why a few people here and there were wearing surgical masks. I found out it was part of their culture to wear a mask to help protect others from catching your cold or flu.

In contrast, the USA is an individualistic culture. "Individualistic cultures stress that people should be able to solve problems or accomplish goals on their own without having to rely on assistance from others." Our culture is full of loner icons who embody this culture – The Lone Ranger, Dirty Harry, Rambo, etc.

The 45<sup>th</sup> President used this cultural identity as a weapon against a collective response to the pandemic. He interpreted the use of masks and social distancing as signs of personal weakness, a threat to his masculinity. He insisted at first that the pandemic didn't exist, was unforeseeable, then said it would go away on its own, and took well over a year to acknowledge the pandemic and form a more organized response.<sup>35</sup>

The Constitution establishes the need for public health in its preamble, with the expressed purpose of the Constitution to "promote the general Welfare."<sup>36</sup> The field of public health did not exist yet in the 18<sup>th</sup> century, but it is "the science of protecting and improving the health of people and their communities."<sup>37</sup> That sounds a lot like promoting the general welfare.

Nevertheless, the cult-like following of the 45<sup>th</sup> President has continued downplaying need for public health and has even proposed that the chief medical advisor to President Joe Biden, Dr. Anthony Fauci, be criminally prosecuted.<sup>38</sup> Dr. Fauci was the director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases at the National Institutes of Health for four decades, until 2021.<sup>39</sup> Rep. Marjorie Taylor Greene (R-GA) introduced a bill in April 2021 to reduce Dr. Fauci's salary to zero until he was replaced. Nothing happened to that bill.<sup>40</sup>

7

<sup>32</sup> https://www.pewresearch.org/short-reads/2023/01/13/monthly-encounters-with-migrants-at-u-s-mexico-border-remain-near-record-highs/

<sup>33</sup> https://www.verywellmind.com/what-are-individualistic-cultures-2795273

<sup>34</sup> https://www.verywellmind.com/what-are-individualistic-cultures-2795273

<sup>35</sup> https://www.americanoversight.org/investigation/the-trump-administrations-response-to-coronavirus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> https://constitution.congress.gov/constitution/preamble/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> https://www.cdcfoundation.org/what-public-health

<sup>38</sup> https://www.politifact.com/factchecks/2023/mar/20/instagram-posts/no-arrest-pending-dr-anthony-fauci-these-posts-are/

<sup>39</sup> https://www.georgetown.edu/news/5-lessons-dr-fauci-learned-from-the-covid-19-pandemic/

<sup>40</sup> https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/2316

#### **Debt Ceiling**

The United States has a huge amount of debt to other countries. The debt is needed to "meet its existing legal obligations, including Social Security and Medicare benefits, military salaries, interest on the national debt, tax refunds, and other payments." The key point overlooked in the 2023 battle to raise the debt limit is "The debt limit does not authorize new spending commitments. It simply allows the government to finance existing legal obligations that Congresses and presidents of both parties have made in the past." <sup>41</sup>

As of 5/26/23, the total debt of the US Government is \$31,464,942,311,540.05.<sup>42</sup> How does this relate to the presidential terms? Here are some specific numbers from each administration.

Date	End of President / Start of President	Total Debt (\$ billion)
4/1/93	First data downloaded / Clinton is President	\$4226
1/21/97	Clinton re-elected	\$5310
1/22/01	End of Clinton / Start of George W Bush	\$5728
1/20/05	Bush re-elected	\$7613
1/20/09	End of Bush / Start of Obama	\$10,627
1/20/13	Obama re-elected	\$16,433
1/20/17	End of Obama / Start of Trump	\$19,947
1/20/21	End of Trump / Start of Biden	\$27,752
5/26/23	Biden still President	\$31,465

What does this mean? Of the current \$31,465 trillion debt, here is who contributed to it.

- From 1776 to 4/1/1993, the total debt was \$4.226 trillion.
- President Clinton's second term added \$0.418 trillion to the national debt.
- President Bush's first term added \$1.885 trillion.
- President Bush's second term added \$3.014 trillion. G.W Bush added 15.6% of today's debt.
- President Obama's first term added \$5.806 trillion.
- President Obama's second term added \$3.514 trillion. Obama added 29.6% of today's debt.
- President Trump's added \$7.805 trillion. Trump added 24.8% of today's debt.
- President Biden adds \$3.713 trillion so far.

For comparison, the federal budget was \$1.60 trillion in 1997, \$2.15 trillion in 2005, \$3.5 trillion in 2013, and \$6.8 trillion in 2021.

### **Political Terms**

Many economic models are also political structures. This produces more confusion.

**DEMOCRACY**. A democracy is "a government in which the supreme power is vested in the people and exercised by them directly or indirectly through a system of representation usually involving periodically held free elections."<sup>43</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/finan4cial-markets-financial-institutions-and-fiscal-service/debt-limit

<sup>42</sup> https://fiscaldata.treasury.gov/datasets/debt-to-the-penny/debt-to-the-penny

<sup>43</sup> https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/democracy

**REPUBLIC**. A republic is a "form of government in which a state is ruled by representatives of the citizen body."<sup>44</sup> Any form of government can also be a republic, except a monarchy.

Therefore, the United States is a democratic republic. Supreme power belongs to the people, who elect representatives in the form of Congress and the President & Vice President. Other descriptions of government thrown around frequently include:<sup>45</sup>

**TYRANNY** is rule for the benefit of a single person. One person treating the legislature, military, and courts as their personal servants is an example of tyranny.

**TOTALITARIAN** is an adjective, meaning "a political system in which those in power have complete control and do not allow people freedom to oppose them." This is often misinterpreted to mean "you can't disagree with me, or I'll call you a totalitarian regime." It really means more like "if you disagree with the president you will disappear in the night and never be heard from again."

**AUTHORITARIAN** is also an adjective, the "principle of blind submission to authority, as opposed to individual freedom of thought and action. In government, authoritarianism denotes any political system that concentrates power in the hands of a leader or a small elite that is not constitutionally responsible to the body of the people."<sup>47</sup>

**ARISTOCRACY** is rule by the elite, "government by a relatively small privileged class or by a minority consisting of those presumed to be best qualified to rule." Usually, it means rule by the highest social class, often hereditary. In theory it could refer to rule by the best qualified, but I've never heard of that happening. Some argue that American political families such as Rockefeller, Bush, Kennedy, and Clinton are modern aristocracies.

**PLUTOCRACY** is rule by the rich. Many would argue that the influx of dark money into election funding through PACs and SuperPACs is pushing the US in this direction.<sup>49</sup> Business empires such as the "Cox, Brown, Walton, Marriott, and Simplot families" donate massive amounts of money through these.<sup>50</sup>

**MONARCHY** is rule by a single person, generally a king or queen who follows a hereditary line of succession.

An **OLIGARCHY** is rule by a small group. This is very rare. We have enough trouble electing one president! Rich Russians are often called oligarchs, but plutarchs might be more correct.

A **DIRECT DEMOCRACY** would be a democracy without elected representatives. Imagine if everyone in the country had to vote on every bill before Congress! Direct democracy is impractical on a large scale.

<sup>44</sup> https://www.britannica.com/topic/republic-government

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> https://www.britannica.com/topic/republic-government

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/totalitarian

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> https://www.britannica.com/topic/authoritarianism

<sup>48</sup> https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/aristocracy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> https://www.opensecrets.org/political-action-committees-pacs/super-pacs/2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> https://www.motherjones.com/politics/2021/06/america-dynasties-thriving-billionaires-taxation-family-offices-institute-policy-studies/

#### False Flags

The term False Flag came from 16<sup>th</sup> century ships, where flying a literal flag from a different country than you belong to could give the impression someone else was attacking your enemy.<sup>51</sup> So if I'm an Italian warship, I could fly a French flag while attacking Spain to make Spain think they were being attacked by France. Not an effective strategy in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.

Now the term is used more often to mean "a deliberate misrepresentation of motives or identity." In politics it is used to claim there is a horrible problem that needs to be immediately addressed when in reality the problem does not exist or is nowhere as severe as depicted. Instead, the true goal is to gather support for a politician for successfully solving the faux problem. A key sign of a false flag is the use of a single or very few examples to justify the problem exists (e.g. citing one person who was released from prison and committed another crime), instead of using larger scale data such as crime rates for a city or county.

#### American Global Ignorance

A common complaint about Americans is ignorance of the rest of the world.<sup>53</sup> This often manifests in Americans assuming other countries have the same laws as we do. Hate to burst the bubble, but it isn't so. Freedom of Speech means nothing in China. Our Congress can't pass laws for Venezuela or set immigration policy for Mexico.

In the USA we assume people are innocent until proven guilty;<sup>54</sup> but the reverse is true in several countries which are based on Roman law instead of English Common Law, such as Brazil, China, France, Italy, Philippines, Poland, Romania, and Spain.<sup>55</sup>

#### Nationalism

The rise of nationalism has been an issue since the 1990s. Nationalism is an "ideology based on the premise that the individual's loyalty and devotion to the nation-state surpass other individual or group interests." On the surface, nationalism can be a simple form of pride in your nation, like "I'm proud to be an American" or "I'm proud to be Brazilian."

The problem can arise that "the issue of nationalism points to a wider domain of problems related to the treatment of ethnic and cultural differences within democratic polity."<sup>57</sup> People in the USA can oppress people from other cultures and/or races because they view their (generally white European) culture as being the only "true" American nationality, despite themselves being immigrants from Europe relatively recently. The first Native Americans came here from Asia on the order of 20,000 years ago, so don't whine that your 17<sup>th</sup> century relatives give you the right to kick out other immigrants.<sup>58</sup>

#### American Exceptionalism

Sometimes nationalism is hidden behind a sense of American Exceptionalism.<sup>59</sup> That is the belief that we are the best at everything – we are the smartest, most productive, etc. country. A role model for the rest of the world.

<sup>51</sup> https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/false-flag

<sup>52</sup> https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/false%20flag

<sup>53</sup> https://medium.com/politically-speaking/our-ignorance-of-the-world-is-killing-us-aa17d1493d08

<sup>54</sup> https://www.mad.uscourts.gov/resources/pattern2003/html/patt4cfo.htm

<sup>55</sup> https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Presumption of innocence

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> https://www.britannica.com/topic/nationalism

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/nationalism/

<sup>58</sup> https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/the-first-americans/

<sup>59</sup> https://www.pewresearch.org/2006/05/09/the-problem-of-american-exceptionalism/

Several decades ago, America was a world leader in technology, manufacturing, and other areas. However, the outsourcing of manufacturing to countries with lower labor rates, fewer environmental controls, and other advantages led to the collapse of manufacturing for most industries. Even white-collar jobs such as software engineering were outsourced to Russia and India, despite the time zone and language barriers.

The COVID-19 pandemic highlighted how vulnerable the US is to imports of computer components and other high technology components. Recent right-wing politicians have pushed for isolationism, and hence the need to rebuild manufacturing capabilities domestically. This cannot be done overnight, however, and the cost is steep. A single manufacturing facility for computer chips costs billions of dollars. Iron smelting plants have rusted away and need massive investment to rebuild. No one suggests how to fund this.

# Psychology and Medical Issues

## Projection

Social media is full of examples of people using the defense mechanism of projection. Projection is defined as:60

The process by which one attributes one's own individual positive or negative characteristics, affects, and impulses to another person or group. This is often a defense mechanism in which unpleasant or unacceptable impulses, stressors, ideas, affects, or responsibilities are attributed to others. For example, the defense mechanism of projection enables a person conflicted over expressing anger to change "I hate him" to "He hates me." Such defensive patterns are often used to justify prejudice or evade responsibility.

People who are accused of being racist, sexist, homophobic, transphobic, child molesters, fascists, etc. often use this to attack their opponents with the same accusations.

### Homeless with Mental Illness

Mental illness is a taboo and confusing subject for many people. It's easy to understand if someone breaks a bone they will be disabled for a couple months then pretty much back to normal. But mental illness is hidden. We can't see a person's brain (imaging notwithstanding) and fix something broken. Mental illness is generally chronic, incurable, sometimes treatable. We want simple solutions, but they rarely exist. You can't cure depression by saying "just be happy."

Before the 1950's people with severe mental illnesses (SMI) were often locked up in institutions. Insane asylums. Abuse and neglect were rampant. Then-Governor Reagan signed the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act in 1967, all but eliminating institutionalization without consent.<sup>61</sup> The catch was, that Act assumed that facilities would provide for housing. That never happened, leaving many people with SMI on the streets, getting arrested for minor crimes, released, and repeat *ad nauseum*. This resulted in a large percentage of inmates with SMI, about 30%.

California has tried to get the mentally ill out of prisons, but the result has been a large jump in homelessness. California has about 11.6% of the country's population, but 25% of the homeless.<sup>62</sup>

<sup>60</sup> https://dictionary.apa.org/projection

<sup>61</sup> https://calmatters.org/commentary/2019/03/hard-truths-about-deinstitutionalization-then-and-now/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> https://calmatters.org/commentary/2019/03/hard-truths-about-deinstitutionalization-then-and-now/

## "He's a psychopath"

The term psychopath is often thrown around loosely. "Callousness, detachment, and a lack of empathy enable psychopaths to be highly manipulative." Even though the condition is widely recognized, it does not appear in the diagnostic manual DSM-5 except as a youth condition marked by callous unemotional behavior 64

Keep in mind that psychopathy does not excuse criminal activity.<sup>65</sup> There are mental illnesses that can be used to justify a criminal insanity defense, but being a psychopath is not one of them. An insanity defense "must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that their client has a severe mental illness that makes them incapable of acting reasonably."<sup>66</sup> An insanity defense is rarely used, 0.5% of felonies or less, and is successful only about 25% of the time.<sup>67</sup>

#### Transgender Issues

I discussed transgender chromosomal issues at length in a separate essay.<sup>68</sup> The main point is that people may not have typical XX (female) or XY (male) genes, or they might have typical genes, but hormonal issues affect their sex. The result is that a percentage of people have some form of intersex condition and may or may not be aware of it. If you insist that everyone is only male or female, you are ignoring the existence of these people.

There has been much attention paid to gender affirmation surgery and/or hormone treatments for minors. Genital surgery on infants is rare, except for circumcision on boys, and is generally only otherwise needed when a condition needs surgical correction. For example, an infant boy might need help if their testes don't descend as expected, or they have a more severe case of hypospadias<sup>69</sup> and need correction to void (pee) normally.

Hormone treatment can be needed for cases of premature or "precocious" puberty,<sup>70</sup> which is defined as physical signs of puberty before age 8 for girls or age 9 for boys. Hormone treatments may be given to delay puberty until a more typical age, otherwise the child could finish growing up too short or have other adverse effects.

Children with intersex conditions that produce ambiguous genitals used to have routine infant surgery to "correct" them. Since it is medically easier to "dig a hole rather than build a pole" most of these children were assigned female. This often produced large amounts of scar tissue in their genitals, sexual dysfunction in adulthood, and massive identity issues if they grew up and did not identify as female. This was identified as a problem in the 1970's, but still infant genital surgeries are sometimes done to this day.<sup>71</sup>

Some politicians with no medical background, such as Florida's Governor Ron DeSantis, have pushed for laws banning genital gender affirmation surgery on children. Independent checking of the extent of this alleged problem found two reports in that state of genital surgery on adolescents, and none on children under age 10.<sup>72</sup> Several right-wing members of Congress have picked up on this "problem" and have made a loud complaint that

<sup>63</sup> https://www.psychologytoday.com/us/basics/psychopathy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> https://www.apa.org/monitor/2022/03/ce-corner-psychopathy

<sup>65</sup> https://law.jrank.org/pages/1885/Psychopathy-Psychopathy-criminal-law.html

<sup>66</sup> https://www.hesterlawgroup.com/blog/2022/january/what-is-an-insanity-plea-/

<sup>67</sup> https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/medicine-and-dentistry/insanity-defense

<sup>68</sup> https://wordpress.com/post/socialsciencepapers.wordpress.com/309

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> https://www.stanfordchildrens.org/en/topic/default?id=hypospadias-90-P02373

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> https://www.stanfordchildrens.org/en/topic/default?id=precocious-puberty-early-puberty-90-P01973

<sup>71</sup> https://healthlaw.org/surgeries-on-intersex-infants-are-bad-medicine/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> https://www.politifact.com/factchecks/2022/aug/10/ron-desantis/transition-related-surgery-limited-teens-not-young/

transgender children are "victims of this billion-dollar industry that mutilates the genitals of children" and proposed legislation to ban such surgeries. <sup>74</sup>

Teen-aged children who identify as transgender may have elective surgery such as "top surgery" (breast removal) or the reverse (breast augmentation). This can be allowed medically with parental consent and physician agreement it is beneficial for the patient.<sup>75</sup> A range of gender-affirming options exist;<sup>76</sup> the irreversible ones are only done on adolescents in extreme circumstances or by unethical physicians.<sup>77</sup>

# Wealth Disparity

The median family income in the USA is about \$71,000/year. The median family net worth is about \$120,000,79 but the top 1% of families have a mean net worth of over \$11 million. This massive disparity in wealth has resulted in huge corporate and individual donations to elections by the Citizen's United 2010 Supreme Court decision throwing out many campaign finance restrictions.80

While many blamed Citizen's United for the association of corporations as people, Supreme Court decisions from the 19<sup>th</sup> century established the precedent, in connection with railroad barons of that era. With respect to 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment protection, a corporation is a person, said Santa Clara County v. Southern Pacific Railroad Co. in 1886.<sup>81</sup> That Amendment has the Equal Protections clause, which is also the basis for many reproductive, racial, and gender discrimination decisions which could be thrown out by the current Supreme Court.<sup>82</sup>

#### Tax Rates for Wealthy

Another legacy from the Reagan administration is a dive in the highest income tax rates for wealthy individuals. Notice the large drop in tax rate during the 1980's. 83 Since his administration, the top tax rate has only recovered by 10%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> https://www.foxnews.com/politics/marjorie-taylor-greene-gop-party-protects-children-transgender-ideology

<sup>74</sup> https://greene.house.gov/news/documentsingle.aspx?DocumentID=172

<sup>75</sup> https://www.nytimes.com/2022/09/26/health/top-surgery-transgender-teenagers.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> https://www.childrenshospital.org/programs/center-gender-surgery-program

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> https://opa.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/2022-03/gender-affirming-care-young-people-march-2022.pdf

<sup>78</sup> https://www.census.gov/library/publications/2022/demo/p60-276.html

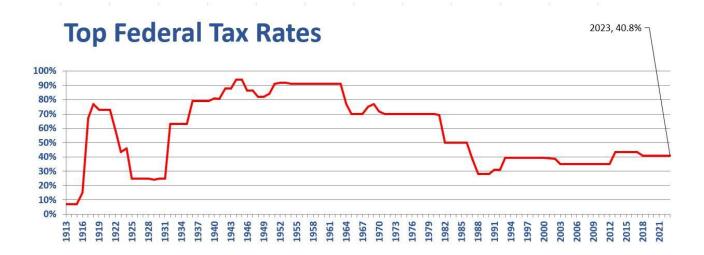
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> https://www.sofi.com/learn/content/average-american-net-worth-by-age/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> https://www.brennancenter.org/our-work/research-reports/citizens-united-explained

<sup>81</sup> https://supreme.justia.com/cases/federal/us/118/394/

<sup>82</sup> https://www.law.cornell.edu/constitution/amendmentxiv

<sup>83</sup> https://bradfordtaxinstitute.com/free resources/federal-income-tax-rates.aspx



#### Tax on Social Security Benefits

Another Reagan gem was the introduction of taxes on Social Security benefits. This took effect in 1984, and was increased from 50% to 85% of benefits by President Clinton in 1993.<sup>84</sup>

A related issue is the cap on Social Security tax withholding per year. At present, there is no more SS withholding (FICA) above income of \$147,000.<sup>85</sup> So if you earn \$100,000,000 per year or \$150,000 per year, both pay the same into the SS system.

## **Economic Terms**

Another major point of confusion is the accusation of a person or group being socialist, Marxist, communist, or fascist, in contrast with capitalist.

- SOCIALIST. Socialism is a populist economic and political system based on collective, common, or public
  ownership of the means of production. Those means of production include the machinery, tools, and
  factories used to produce goods.<sup>86</sup> s
- MARXIST. Marxism is based on British economists Adam Smith and David Ricardo. Karl Marx built on this
  by realizing that "capitalists' profits are obtained from the unpaid labour of the workers."

  Marxism
  focuses a lot on the workers rising up to get much more of the value of their work.
- **COMMUNIST**. Communist economy is based on "common ownership of the means of production and the absence of social classes, money and the state." The economy is centrally planned by the government and there is no private ownership of businesses or property. In order to fit in with the central economy, people are assigned jobs and training.
- FASCIST. Fascism is socialism with a capitalist veneer. It controls the means of production indirectly through domination of nominally private owners.<sup>88</sup> Hitler put it this way in 1933; "The state should retain

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> https://www.ssa.gov/history/InternetMyths2.html

<sup>85</sup> https://www.forbes.com/advisor/business/payroll-tax-rates/

<sup>86</sup> https://www.investopedia.com/terms/s/socialism.asp

<sup>87</sup> https://www.marxist.com/economic-theory.htm

<sup>88</sup> https://www.econlib.org/library/Enc/Fascism.html

- supervision and each property owner should consider himself appointed by the state. It is his duty not to use his property against the interests of others among his own people. This is the crucial matter."
- **CAPITALIST.** Capitalism is "an economic system in which private actors own and control property in accord with their interests, and demand and supply freely set prices in markets in a way that can serve the best interests of society." All businesses are privately owned. Among the problems with this system are that a monopoly defies the concept of supply and demand, and there is no assurance that anyone acts in the best interests of society. **Capitalism has no moral center; profit is the only goal**.

The United States is a combination of socialism for common services (national defense, transportation systems, foreign relations, police and fire services, currency, etc.), and capitalist for most other things.

It wasn't always this way. In Philadelphia in the 17<sup>th</sup> century, the fire department was a private service. You could prepay for their services and get a metal tag on the front of your home. If you had a house fire, the fire department would see your tag and start putting out the fire right away. If you didn't have a tag, they would negotiate on the spot with the homeowner to pay for their services.

The business foundation of the United States is capitalism, yet few if any of the leaders are acting in the best interests of society. Capitalist greed has replaced all other goals.

#### Fairness Doctrine

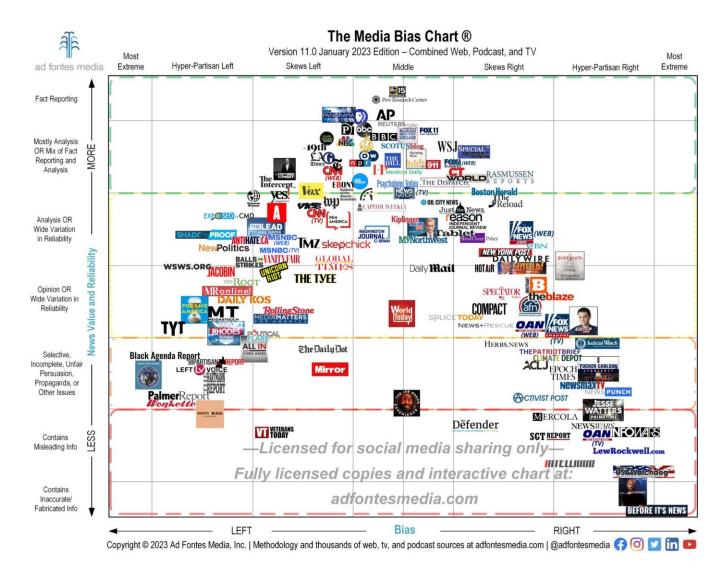
Many people complain about partisan bias in news sources. This bias is allowed because President Reagan cancelled the Fairness Doctrine.<sup>90</sup> That Doctrine started in 1949 out of fear the three networks would show bias. It was upheld in a 1969 Supreme Court ruling. The FCC repealed the Doctrine in 1987, citing free speech.

As a result, the myriad news organizations can show a wide range of bias or neutrality, tracked by several media bias charts. Here is one which is updated twice a year.<sup>91</sup>

<sup>89</sup> https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/fandd/2015/06/basics.htm

<sup>90</sup> https://www.reaganlibrary.gov/archives/topic-guide/fairness-doctrine

<sup>91</sup> https://adfontesmedia.com/gallery/



## Conclusion

This guide was written after realizing that the same issues kept coming up on social media. A severe lack of understanding of basic constitutional principles, economic and political concepts, sometimes by people who claim to be lawyers, creates increased fear of government and distrust of our most basic democratic principles. Those may be the intended unspoken goals, at the price of throwing away your credibility and violating your oaths of office.

If one must insult people on social media, please use the correct and appropriate terms so you don't look like a fool or a hypocrite!